志願服務者的參與動機一以台北縣家扶中心展愛服務隊與國際夥伴學習推展中 心比較為例

The Participatory Motivation of Volunteers: Taiwan Fund for Children and Families, Jan-Ai Volunteer Group and International Center for the Promotion of Partner Based Learning as Samples

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本學士論文題目為「志願服務者的參與動機-以台北縣家扶中心展愛服務隊與國際夥伴學習推展中心比較為例」,以下分別簡稱為展愛隊與夥伴學習,研究對象為展愛隊15名夥伴以及夥伴學習5名夥伴,研究方法為訪問調查法,透過半結構訪談,從中分析解答研究問題:「入隊資歷,以及兩服務組織的差別」。分析的結果,發現新進夥伴的參與動機不外乎「行善」與「打發空閒時間」;在參加過程中想持續回來參加活動的主要原因為「夥伴關係」,一些友好的夥伴關係,使個人為了夥伴而不斷回來參加活動;而當組織成員遇到價值觀與組織中次文化的衝突,想退出組織時,支持夥伴繼續留在隊上的理由主要為「夥伴之間的友好聯繫」,因為在組織內認識的好朋友還在組織中,因此為了夥伴而留下來。

根據本研究的結果,建議志願服務組織若想增強隊員參與度以及向心力,可以增加志願服務訓練課程、強化組織內成員感情等,藉由夥伴間聯繫的力量,增強組織的行動力與活力。

關鍵字:自願服務、參與動機、夥伴學習。

The topic of this thesis is "The Participatory Motivation of Volunteers: Taiwan Fund for Children and families, Jan-Ai Volunteer Group and International Center for the Promotion of Partner Based Learning. Through the semistructured interview and analysis, some answers to the research questions are provided.

According to the finding of this study, the meaning of participation of new volunteers are "doing good deeds" and "making use of tree time." The reason why the volunteers continue to join the group is due to good relationship with partners. When there is a conflict between values and subcultures in the organization, the reason of the volunteer to stay or leave depends on the presence of good friends in the organization, it is recommended that more training on emotional and relationship courses be available to the volunteers

Key words: Volunteer service, participatory motivation, partner based learning.